THE

CRISIS.

NUMBERLIII. To be continued Weekly,

DURING THE PRESENT BLOODY CIVIL WAR IN AMERICA.

SATURDAY, January 20, 1776, [Price Two-pence Halfpenny.

-We are in Blood

Stept in so far, that should we wade no more, Returning were as tedious as going on.

Shakesp. Macbeth.

To LORD MANSFIELD.

My Lord,

OUR Lordship's late Speech in the House of Lords upon the Restraining Bill, has opened a large Field of Contemplation to the Moralist, the Politician, and Divine: I might say, indeed, to the whole Christian World, who view your Lordship's Principles as the English do your Person, with the utmost Horror and Detestation. Of your notable Harangue the Motto at the Head of my Paper is a concise, but just Epitome.

I admire your Lordship's Magnanimity. You despise the narrow Principles of sound Philosophers, honest Politicians, and orthodox Divines. The groveling Maxim, "Nihil utile quod non honestum." (permit me to translate it by our vulgar Proverb, "Honesty is the best Policy,") a Maxim to which the greatest Nations have owed their Power and Prosperity, is

too trite and old to find a Patron in your Lordship. Though it had long prevailed in the heathen, though it hath been fince adopted in the Christian World: nay, though your favourite Tully labours in it's Praises, yet has it never biased your Lordship's political, or judicial Conduct. Great Souls are not to be confined by Tenets to which the Generality of Mankind fubscribe; No, --- They make, and hold their own. With such a singular and peculiar Spirit your Lordship plans, counsels, acts and speaks. In the fame House, where your Lordship, by your judicial Proxies (for you feared the Eye of the equitable Camden) effected the Ruin of an injured Individual*, you have lately owned yourself an Accomplice in the Destruction of an injured Nation. In the Case of Mr. Thickness you absconded, you neither dared to show your Teeth, nor espouse your own pitiful Resentments; the Dread of engaging in a legal Question with a Camden over awed you: you worked then underhandedly, by Proxies: You had your Chancellor, your Denbeigh, and your Scotch Lords, upon that Occasion, for your Agents. But in the Case of America, you have ventured to appear in Person. Like a Great Soul, you can lend your Hand openly to Murder, though you fcorn to be detected in a Larceny. I must confess that your Lordship, when you delivered your Sentiments upon the Restraining Bill, had screwed yourself up to fuch a furprifing pitch of political Effrontery, that you pronounced the Speech of a Parricide with all the mimic boldness of another Cataline. Your Lordship's known Principles will preclude you from the Esteem, but your late desperate Avowal of such Principles has drawn down upon you the Wonder of Mankind. The Tories applaud your perfecuting Spirit; the Whigs are amazed at your Machiavelian Doctrines in a free Country, whose Liberties are fixed (as they conceive) on the folid Basis of a just and happy Revolution. On the other hand, Administration congratulate each other, that the timid, the referved, the circumspect Lord Mansfield, should lay himself so open, even in the Face of Parliament, as to declare in the most explicit Terms, his full Affent and Concurrence with them in every despotic and destructive step, which they have yet taken against America, that he should not only vindicate, but father, such unconstitutional Devices against Revolutional Refistance as must, sooner or later, draw down the just Vengeance of this Nation upon the Heads of the whole Confederacy. These Tyranic Traitors rejoice to see a Man of your Lordship's great and fatal Abilities added to their guilty Number; for on the Number and Importance of their foul Adherents they place their Safety and Defence. These your Accomplices, my Lord, hope to derive Strength, Support, Protection and Security, from your Lordship's late unlimited Professions

in open Senate. If fuch were your Lordship's Opinions, the World can have no doubt but they must have influenced all your Counsels in relation to America. Your Lordship's Words (I do not mean the Tener, but the Purport of them) I shall take Leave to repeat by Sentences, because they are too remarkable to pass without a seperate Comment. In doing this, your Lordship will pardon me, if I consider one of the greatest Men in Europe, for a Moment, as an obsequious Proxy, Tool, and Echo, to one of the worst; I mean Lord Bute; not presuming, however, to infinuate that your Lordship is, in any respect, inferior to the Thane.

Your Lordship was pleased to open (as it was supposed) your whole Heart upon this Occasion in the House of Lords: If you did, your Counsels (ruinous to Great Britain) must have corresponded with your Declarations; and then the whole Empire will owe its Declenfion, and perhaps its Fall, in an eminent Degree, to the superior Abilities of Lord Mansfield. If you did not, your Lordship was guilty of the grossest Falsbood and Deceit in that august Assembly. On the other hand, if your Counsels to your Sovereign varied from your real Sentiments promulgated in Parliament, you must have been guilty of Perjury in the Cabinet. But the whole Nation are ready to acquit your Lordship of both these dishonourable Charges. They believe (and with the greatest Reason) that your Counsels have ever been agreeable to your late Declarations, and your late Declarations to your Principles. I shall therefore select such Parts only of your Lordship's Speech in public as discover the evil Tendency of your Advice in private. Thus I freely exculpate your Lordship of Deceit, tho' I must, in justice to my Country, impeach you of High Treason. Yes, my Lord; Counsels built upon such unconstitutional, unjust, and permicious Principles. as you have just disclosed, must mark your Lordship as an Enemy to this Country. If your Lordship can hear them without a Blush, and a strong disposition to recant, I shall be induced to think that Learning and uncommon Abilities are Curses to Mankind.

I touch upon your Lordship's Exordium, merely because one Expression in it, (I mean that of Rebel Army opposed to royal Army) leads me to take notice of one of the most permicious Errors which could have been implanted in the infant Breast of an English Sovereign; yet by your Colleague Bute, and yourself, my Lord, it was not only implanted, but impressed. I will remind your Lordship of it as I proceed. --- That a Royal Army should be so employed against valuable, brave, and loyal Subjects, driven (for ministerial purposes) to the last Despair, is a Disgrace to England, to the Sovereign,

Sovereign, to English Councils, to an English Parliament, and to human This Army is, in Truth, a ministerial Army; it is Lord Bute's, and Lord Mansfield's Army. By calling it royal, your Lordship throws the blackest Imputations on your Swereign. By this Appellation you infinuate, that in all the outragious Murders and Defolations it had (before its providential deseat) committed, its savage Operations were directed by the Will and Pleasure, nay the strict Command of the most piaus Prince in Christendom. Thus your Lordship most jesuitically turns the public Eye from the ministerial Accessaries, to the royal Pinicipal. That such a Principal exists America has felt. That the Heart of this unhappy Homicide is no less guilty than those of his ensnaring Accessaries, every Whig in England believes. I will tell your Lordship upon what grounds they have fixed a Belief so unfavourable to every Quality which should adorn and endear a Father of his People. They have founded it, my Lord, upon that Basis which your Lordship and your Colleague Bute most industriously laid almost in the Cradle of your Sovereign. Lord Bute, like a true Scot would have formed his Mind (if possible) to his own purposes in the very Womb. He took, however, the earliest Opportunities of bending the royal Twigg himself. The first Rudiments being laid, your Lordship was, in due Time, admitted to affift. What was, for the worst of reasons, practifed upon that Solomon, James the First, your Lordships, for the like reasons, successfully perpetrated upon pious George the Third. The principle, of all others, infixed the deepest, was traitorous and destructive to the last Degree. This it was: " That Kings are made, not by the People, " or for their sole Benefit, but that they derive their Right and Title from " above, as God's Vicegerents upon Earth." The Confequence, my Lord, is plain; oppressed America has felt it : Against fuch Divinities-regent all Refistance what oever must be unlawful, and every oppressed Subject so resisting must be a Rebel. Thus I account for the propriety of your Lordship's Term, Rebel Army, and for your applying it (as every Court-Sychophant does) to the Americans, who have been driven into Arms by fuch impolitic and pernicious Councels as your Lordship's .--- A brave and loyal People, whose Ancestors left this Country because they justly abhorred, and therefore fenfibly renounced, passive Obedience to one of the weakest and worst Tyaants (except one) that ever fat upon the Throne of England. If your Lordship and your Colleague have (and we know you have) infused the same talse and detested Principles into another Prince, as infected James, and broke out to the Ruin of Charles the First, he must necessarily look upon every Species of Refistance as Rebellion. As such he must have been taught (like Charles) to call and treat it. Like Charles he must at length succeed. Your Lordships will probably be Joint-Figurers in the closing Scene. The Day will

will come when your Lordships must be answerable for every ruinous Consequence that may ensue from the Superiority of this Rebel Army, as you and your abetters, affect to call them: an army provoked by yourselves. to stand forth in defence of their Liberties, Properties, and Lives, which have been attacked by every Species of Cruelty which Tyranny could invent, or Inhumanity inflict .-- I now purfue your Lordship's Sentiments again; which you declared to have been in disfavour of the Americans, ever fince the Commencement of that unhappy Dispute .--- From this Declaration I may fairly collect that your Lordship's Advice in Council has gone hand in hand with these liberal Sentiments of your's from the very first. If fo, your Lordship lent your patriotic Aid betimes to the bringing on of national Misfortunes .--- Your Lordship, in the next place, upon no better Evidence than that of Montcalm's Letters, declared your full perfuation that America had concerted a Scheme of Independence ever fince the Peace of Paris .-- If your Lordship, as a Statesman, dived no deeper for Evidence than Montcalm's Letters, you are neither a Burleigh, nor a Walfingham. Could your Lordship advise that a whole Nation should be proscribed, his Majesty's Protection withdrawn, and the Standard of Tyranny erected against her, upon no better grounds than these? For Argument's fake only, I will suppose she really had concerted, nay began to excute this Scheme of Independence; was Slavery on the one hand, or Annihilation on the other, to be her Doom? Yet fuch was the Tendency of the rash and fatal Meajures taken against her; which Meajures your Lordship does not hesitate to approve. As your Lordship has confessed that you approve them you most certainly advised them. How successful these have proved. your Lordship and the whole Kingdom by this Time know, upon better Evidence than the Letters of Montcalm, or than those, which have been first garbled, and then published by ministerial Orders in the London Gazette; that infamous Vehicle of weekly Lies, fabricated and uttered under the Royal Sanction to deceive the Public.

In one instance only your Lordship seemed to differ with your Party, net me rather say, your Faction; as to the Necessity and Propriety of making the Declaratory Act, which (as your Lordship said) so fully afferts the Supremacy of our Parliament over America in all Cases whatsoever.—

I will admit, that Declaratory Acts, made in an independent, honest, unsmuggled Parliament, are clear and certain Evidences of the Original and Constitutional Existence of such Rights as they would still support; But, in passive, sawning, corrupt, and venal Parliaments, Declaratory Acts have often introduced State-Persecutions, new Prerogatives, National Oppression, and Tyrranic Usurpation.

Your

Your Lordship must allow this Observation to be just, unless you discredit ancient Records, Faithful History, and the Journals of both Houses of Parliament.

Your Lordship was aware of this Truth, you knew that such an Act must call up dissentions, debates, and murmurs, within doors and without; and therefore wisely wished your Faction had proceeded boldly, without the Aid of any Act at all, as if those Rights, and that universal Supremacy of Parliament, had been clear and indubitable, which that DECLARATORY ACT pretended to assume. This, my Lord, I own, is the true Spirit of Aristocratical Tyrrany, perfectly consistent with your Lordship's Principles and Counsels, and would have been more consistent with those Ministerial Measures which your Lordship so heartily approves.

[To be concluded in our next.]

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